Ex. 7

Case 1:13-md-02419-RWZ Document 3519-7 Filed 02/02/18 Page 2 of 4

NEW ENGLAND COMPOUNDING PHARMACY INC. PRODUCTS LIABILITY LLOYD R. SABERSKI, M.D. on 01/12/2017

DEPOSITION OF

1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS
3	
4	IN RE NEW ENGLAND COMPOUNDING MDL NO. 02419
5	PHARMACY, INC. PRODUCTS LIABILITY DOCKET NO.
6	LITIGATION 1:13-MD-2419-RWZ
7	THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:
8	All Actions
9	
10	Deposition of LLOYD R. SABERSKI, M.D.
11	Baltimore, Maryland
12	Thursday, January 12, 2017
13	10:00 a.m.
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20	Reported by: Angela McKinney, Court Reporter
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NEW ENGLAND COMPOUNDING PHARMACY INC. PRODUCTS LIABILITY LLOYD R. SABERSKI, M.D. on 01/12/2017

DEPOSITION OF Pages 102..105

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1	Page 102 use, you consider the risk to the patient and I guess	1	Page 104 because the problem she associated with triamcinolone
2	the percentage risk. But when you are considering the	2	and betamethasone have nothing to do with
3	risk hold on. Let me finish. If it's a difference	3	preservatives; had everything to do with the
4	of .02 percent risk versus .3 percent risk or	4	mineralocorticoid and glucocorticoid activities of the
5	something, it's an increased it might be an	5	drugs they inject. It had nothing to do with
6	increased risk, but it's insignificant, isn't it?	6	preservatives, so her argument made no sense
7	Don't you have to consider that?	7	scientifically.
8	A No. You are making a mistake here. Before	8	Yes, she had a concern. She had some
9	you consider the risk benefit profile or the risk	9	problems with betamethasone and triamcinolone. She was
10	profile, you have to see is there benefit.	10	open to using a different product. It was mentioned to
11	Q So you have to know the numbers, don't you?	11	her by one of her colleagues. She went ahead and
12	A Before you get there, you have to decide if	12	ordered it. No due diligence.
13	I'm going to use this product, is there a benefit.	13	Q And in her mind, there was a benefit and a
14	Once you have established that there is a benefit, then	14	different therapeutic effect by using NECC's drugs
15	you can start conjugating on the numbers. But here in	15	compared to betamethasone and triamcinolone, right?
16	this case, there is no benefit. There has never been a	16	A Well, I don't recall that. But even if
17	benefit. There is no reason to use this product. So	17	there was, it's not substantiated in the literature.
18	nobody who is rationally thinking of this can find an	18	All three products, Depo-Medrol, triamcinolone and
19	arguable reason to offer the product.	19	betamethasone, the outcomes are thought to be
20	Now, if there is a reason for doing it,	20	clinically the same.
	let's say the patient has some weird allergy or some	21	Q Would you agree that there was some
21	1 1		
21 22	weird intolerance or something weird and they go to the	22	contingent of respected pain physicians who believed
	weird intolerance or something weird and they go to the	22	
		22	contingent of respected pain physicians who believed Page 105 that there was a risk associated with injecting
22	weird intolerance or something weird and they go to the Page 103		Page 105
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Page 103 compounding pharmacist, they can make something up that's appropriate for that patient. At that point, we can talk about the appropriateness of the risk. But you can never manufacture products at a compounding pharmacy. If you start manufacturing it first of all, it's against the law. They can't do that. Q So you are saying that there is absolutely no benefit to compounding pharmacies; it's just an increased risk? A For injectable deposit steroids, yes. Q And you read Dr. Bhambhani's deposition, right? A I have. Q Okay. And you read that she believed there was a benefit in this case to using the drugs from NECC, right? A Not only was she wrong, she was wrong by	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Page 105 that there was a risk associated with injecting steroids with preservative into the spine? A Well, certainly that began with the sounding of Dewey Nelson back in the '70s, but that issue was completely arrested certainly by late 19 certainly by the mid '90s. So that issue was a non-issue in the '90s. Plenty of articles have shown that. And we're talking about epidural injection. There is certainly some concern about intrathecal injection, but not epidural injection. So there is no risk to patients with epidural injections and there is not a single society, there is not a single article that has been published that says that epidural injections with manufactured steroids causes arachnoiditis. Q So it used to be of concern, and you say the guy who brought it up, Dewey, that he was discredited or something?

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triamcinolone and betamethasone. Do you recall that?

A Oh, I do, very much so. She is confused

21

22

concerned about and he was concerned about intrathecal

injections. Then when they started doing epidural

NEW ENGLAND COMPOUNDING PHARMACY INC. PRODUCTS LIABILITY LLOYD R. SABERSKI, M.D. on 01/12/2017

DEPOSITION OF Pages 146..149

	Page 146		Page 148
1	A Yes.	1	amount of due diligence that Dr. Bhambhani or other
2	Q You are aware of that?	2	health care providers could have done in your mind to
3	A Yes.	3	make NECC a supplier of preservative-free MPA?
4	Q Have you seen the audit report?	4	MR. COREN: Objection to form.
5	A I have at one time. I've not looked at that	5	A Yes. The first order of business is they
6	recently.	6	have to establish whether there is a need for having
7	Q Would you agree at least that Brigham and	7	it. So if she would have done due diligence, she would
8	Women's found NECC to be a safe supplier of drugs and	8	have found there was no need and therefore would have
9	they were then allowed to continue ordering drugs from	9	quickly saved her patients' complications by never
10	NECC?	10	using NECC. So that's and we know she did no due
11	MR. COREN: Objection as to form.	11	diligence because she admitted it in her deposition.
12	You can answer.	12	BY MR. KIRBY:
13	A That was the conclusion of the report, but	13	Q But you can't say if she had done due
14	my recollection is that they never actually went in to	14	diligence whether she would have found there was a drug
15	look at the clean room.	15	shortage or not?
16	BY MR. KIRBY:	16	MR. COREN: Objection to the form.
17	Q You are not a microbiologist, are you?	17	A She would have found that to need a
18	A I am not.	18	compounding pharmacy, you have to have a special need
19	Q Do you typically inspect clean rooms?	19	that's specific enough to write a prescription
20	A Typically, no. Have I done it? Yes.	20	specific.
21	Q Do you typically do inspections and things	21	BY MR. KIRBY:
22	like that?	22	Q You said I think before that if there was a
_	D 4.47	_	D 4.40
1	Page 147 A No.	1	Page 149 need, meaning there wasn't a commercially well, two
1 2	<u> </u>	1 2	•
	A No.		need, meaning there wasn't a commercially well, two
2	A No. Q But you would agree that the conclusion	2	need, meaning there wasn't a commercially well, two things: That if there wasn't a commercially available
2 3	A No. Q But you would agree that the conclusion drawn was that Brigham and Women's was hold on. Let	2	need, meaning there wasn't a commercially well, two things: That if there wasn't a commercially available product of methylprednisolone acetate
2 3 4	A No. Q But you would agree that the conclusion drawn was that Brigham and Women's was hold on. Let me find it. That they were approved for sterile	2 3 4	need, meaning there wasn't a commercially well, two things: That if there wasn't a commercially available product of methylprednisolone acetate preservative-free, then she could get it from a
2 3 4 5	A No. Q But you would agree that the conclusion drawn was that Brigham and Women's was hold on. Let me find it. That they were approved for sterile compounding preparations for Brigham and Women's	2 3 4 5	need, meaning there wasn't a commercially well, two things: That if there wasn't a commercially available product of methylprednisolone acetate preservative-free, then she could get it from a compounding pharmacy, right?
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